

B.Sc. B.Ed SEM-II Examination: 2020

Course-GE 2.1

Subject: Mathematics (2D and 3D Geometry and Differential Equations-I)

Time: 2 Hours

F.M. 50

Answer any *ten* questions

(5 × 10 = 50)

1. For the hyperbola $16x^2 - 9y^2 = 144$, find the foci, the vertices, the eccentricity, the latus rectum and the directrices.
2. Find the equation of the plane passing through the points (1, 1, 2) and (2, 4, 3) and perpendicular to the plane $x - 3y + 7z + 5 = 0$.
3. Find the equation of the sphere for which the circle $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 7y - 2z + 2 = 0$, $2x + 3y + 4z = 8$ is a great circle.
4. Find the equations of the straight lines in which the plane $2x + y - z = 0$ cuts the cone $4x^2 - y^2 + 3z^2 = 0$. Find also the angle between them.
5. Find the equation of the cylinder whose generators are parallel to the straight line $2x = y = 3z$ and which passes through the circle $y = 0, x^2 + z^2 = 6$.
6. Show that, the plane $y + 6 = 0$ intersects the hyperbolic paraboloid $\frac{x^2}{5} - \frac{y^2}{4} = 6z$ in a parabola.
7. Solve the following differential equation: $x dx + y dy + \frac{xy - y dx}{x^2 + y^2} = 0$.
8. Solve the following differential equation: $(x^2 y^3 + 2xy) dy = dx$.
9. Solve the following differential equation: $y\{x(2x + 1)\frac{dy}{dx} - y\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2\} = 2x^3$.
10. Solve the following differential equation:
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - \frac{dy}{dx} - 2y = x^2 e^x.$$
11. Solve: $x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 3x \frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = 2x^2$.
12. Solve the following differential equation: $\frac{1}{D^2 - 5D + 6} e^{4x}$. Evaluate omitting the arbitrary constants.